SFP-GLM Series

**Multi-Mode 1310nm GBE/FC/FE
Duplex SFP Transceiver
RoHS6 Compliant**

Features

◆ Operating data rate up to 1.25Gbps

◆ 1310nm FP laser transmitter

◆ Up to 2km with 50/125µm MMF

◆ Single 3.3V power supply and TTL Logic Interface

◆ Hot-pluggable SFP footprint duplex LC connector

   interface

◆ Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 laser safety
   compliant

◆ Operating case temperature

   Standard: 0℃~+70℃

   Industrial:-40℃~+85℃

◆ Compliant with SFP MSA

◆ Compliant with SFF-8472

Applications

◆ Fiber Channel Links

◆ Gigabit Ethernet Links

◆ Fast Ethernet Links

◆ Other Optical Links

Ordering Information

Part No.	Data Rate	Fiber	Distance*(note2)	Interface	Temperature	DDMI
SFP-GLM-A-1310	≤1.25Gbps	MMF	2km	LC	Standard	NO

Note2: Up to 2km with 50/125µm MMF, and 0.5km over MMF is guaranteed.

Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7	Class 1C (>1000V)
Electrostatic Discharge to the Enclosure	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC-61000-4-2 GR-1089-CORE	Compliant with Standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022:2006 CISPR 22B :2006 VCCI Class B	Compliant with Standards Noise Frequency Range: 30MHz to 6GHz. Good system EMI design practice required to achieve Class B margins. System margins are dependent on customer host board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC 61000-4-3	Compliant with standards. 1KHz sine-wave, 80% AM, from 80MHz to 1GHz. No effect on transmitter/receiver performance is detectable between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007 EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	CDRH compliant and Class I laser product. TüV Certificate No. 50135086
Component Recognition	UL and CUL EN60950-1:2006	UL File E317337 TüV Certificate No. 50135086 (CB Scheme)
RoHS6	2002/95/EC 4.1&4.2 2005/747/EC 5&7&13	Compliant with Standards[note3]

Note3: For update of the equipments and strict control of raw materials, AVANIS has the ability to supply the customized products since Jan 1, 2007, which meet the requirements of RoHS6 (Restrictions on use of certain Hazardous Substances) of European Union.

In light of item 5 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC, Item 5: Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes, electronic components and fluorescent tubes.

In light of item 13 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2005/747/EC, Item13: Lead and cadmium in optical and filter glass. The three exemptions are being concerned for Avanis's transceivers, because Avanis's transceivers use glass, which may contain Pb, for components such as lenses, windows, isolators, and other electronic components.

Product Description

The SFP-GLM-A-1310 series multi-mode transceiver is small form factor pluggable module for bi-directional serial optical data communications such as Ethernet and SDH/SONET. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability. This module is designed for multi-mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of 1310nm.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well 1310nm laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825.The receiver section uses an integrated GaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The SFP-GLM-A-1310 series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 MSA.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	T_S	-40	+85	℃
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

*Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	T_A		0		+70	℃
			-40		+85	
Power Supply Voltage	V_{CC}		3.15	3.3	3.45	V
Power Supply Current	I_{CC}				300	mA
Date Rate			125		1250	Mbps

Performance Specifications - Electrical

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter							
LVPECL Inputs(Differential)		Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*[note3]
Input Impedance (Differential)		Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC
TX_Dis	Disable		2		Vcc	V	
	Enable		0		0.8		
TX_FAULT	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.5		
Receiver							
LVPECL Outputs (Differential)		Vout	400		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*[note3]

						)
Output Impedance (Differential)	Zout	85	100	115	ohms	
RX_LOS	LOS		2	Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0	0.8	V	
MOD_DEF (0:2)	VoH	2.5			V	With Serial ID
	VoL	0		0.5	V	

Performance Specifications - Optical

| Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
50µm Core Diameter MMF	L	0.5		2	km
Data Rate			1.25		Gbps
Transmitter					
Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260	1310	1360	nm
Spectral Width (RMS)	$\Delta\lambda$			5	nm
Average Output Power*[note4]	Pout	-14		-10	dBm
Extinction Ratio*[note5]	ER	8.2			dB
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns
Total Jitter*[note5]	TJ			0.43	UI
Output Optical Eye*[note5]	IEEE802.3ah-2004 Compliant*[note7]				
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us
Receiver					
Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260		1600	nm
Receiver Sensitivity*[note6]	Pmin			-22	dBm
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm
Return Loss		12			dB
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-23	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis*[note8]		0.5			dB

Note3: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

Note4: Output is coupled into a 50/125 mm multi-mode fiber.

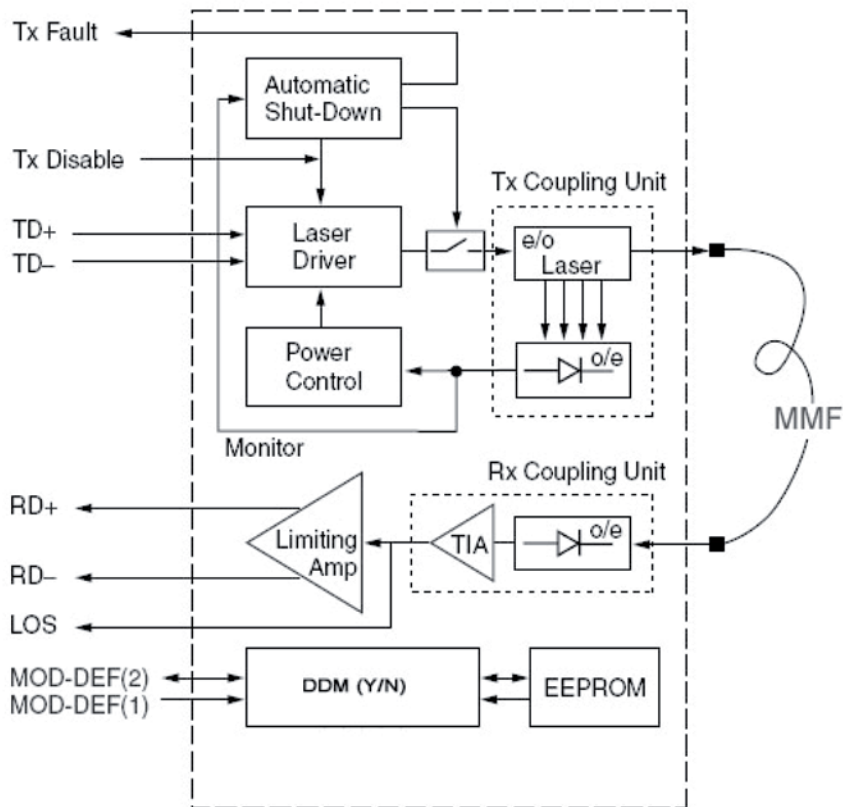Note5: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2^7-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

Note6: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2^7-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.
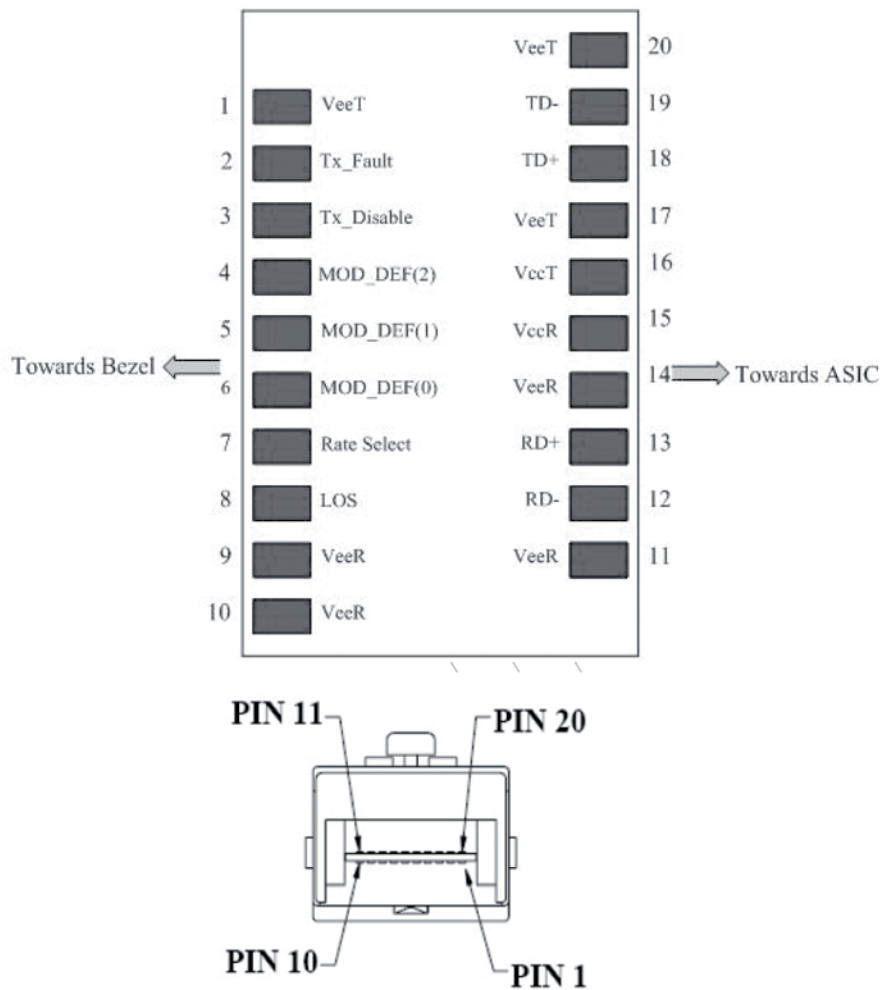
Note7: Eye pattern mask   Note8: LOS Hysteresis
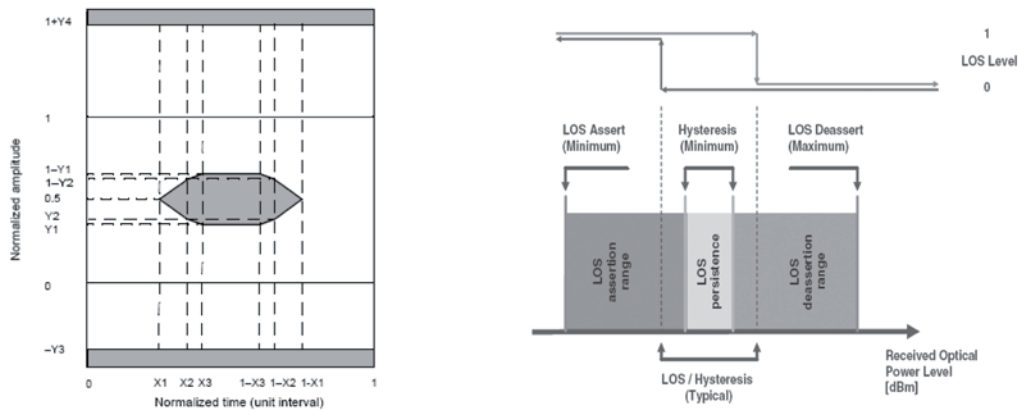
Functional Description of Transceiver

SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout

Pin Function Definitions

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	3) Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)

11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	7)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 – 10 KΩ resistor. Its states are:
Low (0 – 0.8V): Transmitter on
(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined
High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.

4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K – 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use) Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.

6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000mV differential (200 –1000mV single ended) when properly terminated.

7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value.

VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 – 2000 mV (200 – 1000mV single-ended).

EEPROM

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.
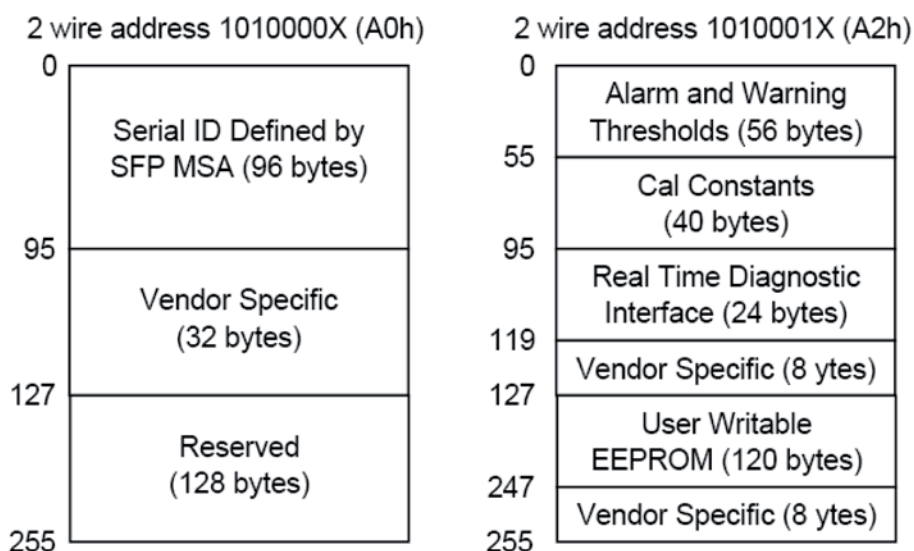
EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X(A0). Memory Contents of Serial

ID are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents

| Addr.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description
BASE ID FIELDS				
0	1	Identifier	03	SFP
1	1	Ext. Identifier	04	SFP function is defined by serial ID only
2	1	Connector	07	LC Connector
3-10	8	Transceiver	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX[note9]	Transmitter Code
11	1	Encoding	01	8B10B
12	1	BR, Nominal	0D	1.25Gbps
13	1	Reserved	00	
14	1	Length (9µm)km	00	Transceiver transmit distance
15	1	Length(9µm)100m	00	
16	1	Length (50µm) 10m	C8	
17	1	Length(62.5µm)10m	32	
18	1	Length (Copper)	00	Not compliant
19	1	Reserved	00	
20-35	16	Vendor name	45 4F 50 54 4F 4C 49 4E 4B 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	AVANIS (ASCII)
36	1	Reserved	00	
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	XX XX XX[note9]	
40-55	16	Vendor PN	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX	SFP-GLM-A-1310
56-59	4	Vendor rev	XX XX XX XX[note9]	
60-61	2	Wavelength	05 1E	1310nm
62	1	Reserved	00	
63	1	CC_BASE	Check Sum (Variable)	Check code for Base ID Fields
EXTENDED ID FIELDS				
64-65	2	Options	00 1A	TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT and Loss of Signal implemented.
66	1	BR,max	00	
67	1	BR,min	00	
68-83	16	Vendor SN	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20[note9]	Serial Number of transceiver (ASCII). For example "B000822".

84-91	8	Date code	XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX(note9)	Manufactory date code. For example "080405".
92	1	Diagnostic Monitoring Type	XX(note9)	Digital diagnostic monitoring implemented
93	1	Enhanced Options	XX(note9)	Optional flags
94	1	SFF_8472 Compliance	XX(note9)	01 for diagnostics (Rev9.3 SFF-8472).
95	1	CC_EXT	Check Sum (Variable)	Check sum for Extended ID Field.
VENDOR SPECIFIC ID FIELDS				
96-127	32	Vendor Specific	Read only	Depends on customer information
128-255	128	Reserved	Read only	

Note9: The "XX" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).
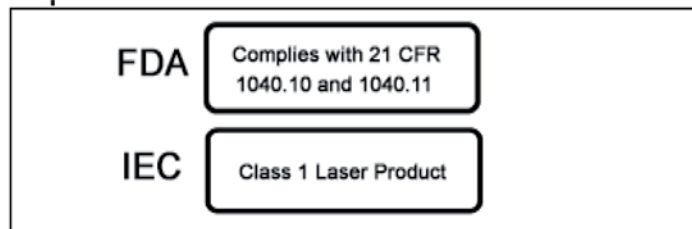
Recommend Circuit Schematic
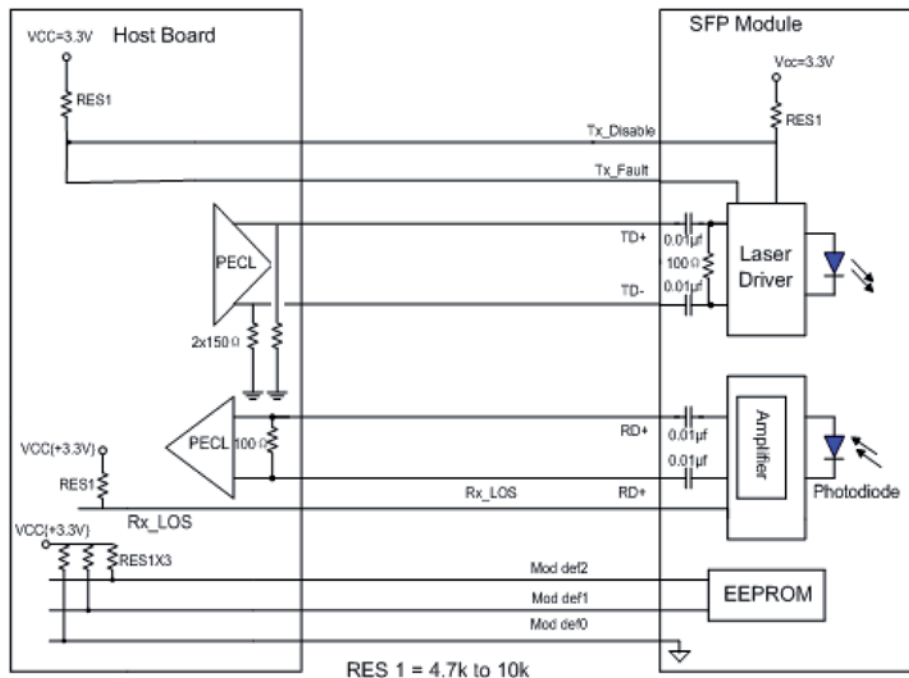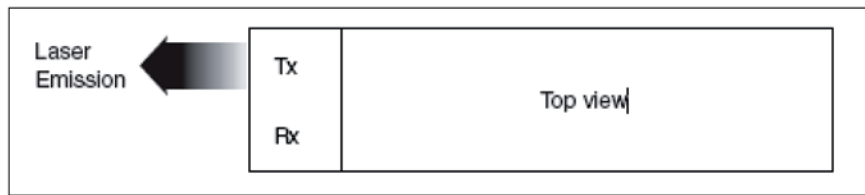

Mechanical Specifications

Class 1 Labels

FDA | Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

IEC | Class 1 Laser Product
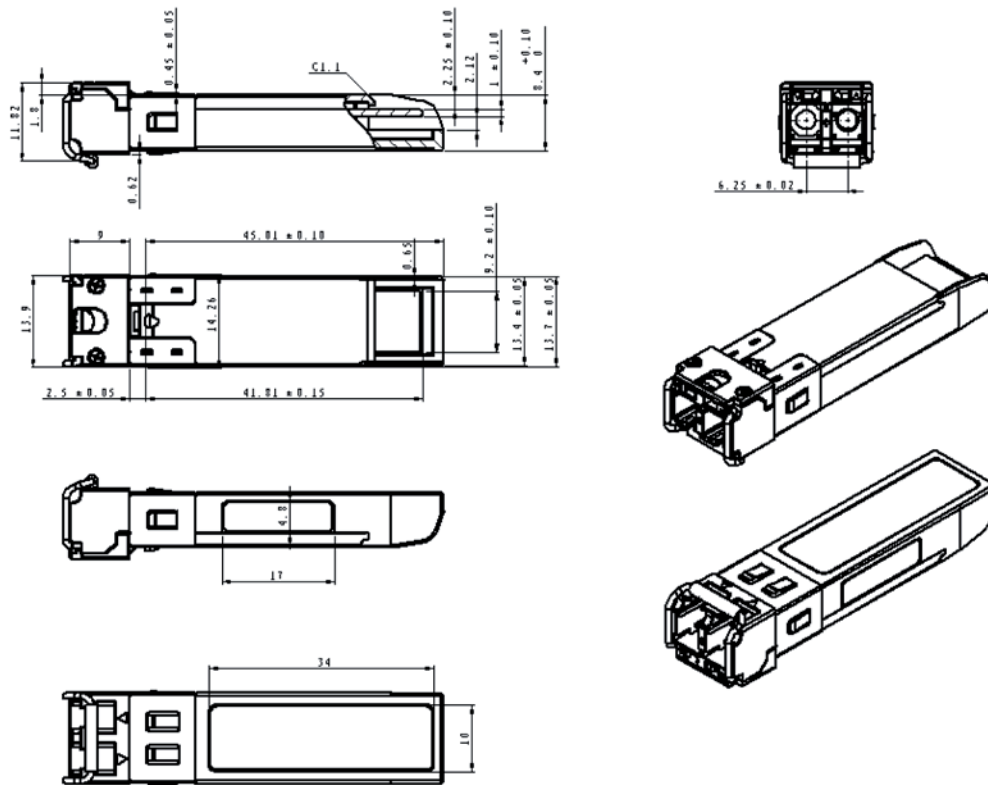
Laser Emission Data

Wavelength	1310nm
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7mm aperture at 20cm distance)	<0.195mW
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 7mm aperture at 10cm distance)	<15.6mW
Beam divergence	12.5°

Laser Emission

Obtaining Document

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Revision History

Revision	Initiated	Reviewed	Approved	Revision History	Release Date
V2.a	Tim.Liang	Florence.Dai Kelly.Cao		Released.	August 7, 2009

Notice:

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